

**So that I can** self-correct and begin to re-read for fluency.

## Reading Knowledge and Strategies Progression Document



authors use of language

BIRKWOOD PRIMARY SCHOOL		Birkwood Primary School 2024-	2025 National Curi	riculum Objectives		BIRKWOOD PRIMARY SCHOOL
	ding, etymology, origin, histo	ory, morphology, structure & flue	ency			361001
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
I know what an initial sound is	I know that single letters make sounds	I know all 40+ phonemes, including alternative	I know the meaning of	I know how to interpret a wide	I know and understand the	I know how to interpret
So that I can recognise words with	and that letters can combine to make	sounds for graphemes	taught prefixes and suffixes		function of sophisticated	sophisticated punctuation as I
the same initial sound.	digraphs or trigraphs to make single sounds		So that I can read many	and text features (e.g.	punctuation ( ; : - () and ' for	am reading (; : - () and 'for
I know that words are made up of	Sourius	So that I can read accurately by decoding words	words containing these	capitalisations, italics and bold)	contraction and possession and	contraction and possession and
different sounds.	So that I can read accurately all	until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent	prefixes and suffixes both	as I read	"" for direct speech)	""for direct speech).
So that I can segment the sounds in	common graphemes for all 40+		to read aloud and to	So that I can confidently read	So that I can read aloud confidently and fluently with	So that I can read aloud
simple words and blend them	phonemes.	know that there are some words which cannot	understand the meaning of new words.	aloud using expression and intonation, taking into account	expression and intonation	confidently and fluently with expression and intonation
together.	I know that words can be segmented	be decoded and must be learnt by recognition		higher level punctuation and text	expression and intonation	expression and intonation
I know that sounds are represented	into sounds and sounds can be	So that I can read can read all Year 1 and Year 2	I know and understand a	features	I know and can recognise most	I know how to read most words
by letters	blended into words	common exception words by sight	wide range of punctuation (?! "" ,) and text features		words on sight	effortlessly and to work out how to
<b>'</b>	So that I can apply RWI phonic		(e.g. capitalisations, italics	I know and understand many root	So that I can read aloud with	pronounce unfamiliar written words
So that I can begin to link sounds to	strategies when reading unknown words by accurately segmenting and	I know how to recognise and break down	and bold).	words, prefixes and suffixes	pace, fluency, expression and	with increasing automaticity
letters (see RWI progression	blending the sounds inwords that	multi-syllabic words  So that I can fluently read many words of		So that I can begin to apply my	intonation taking punctuation	So that I can confidently read
document).	contain the common graphemes for	two or more syllables that contain the	So that I can confidently	growing knowledge of root	and text features into account	aloud with pace, fluency,
I know that the letters of the	all 40+ phonemes.	taught grapheme-phoneme	read aloud using expression	''		expression and intonation
alphabet have rhymes		correspondences (GPCs).	I know how to identify the	both to read aloud and	I know that the origins and	taking punctuation, text
So that I can learn to spot the	I know that there are some words which cannot be decoded and must be		unusual correspondences	understand the meaning of new	history of root words help me	features and author's intention intoaccount.
letters by their rhymes	learnt by recognition	I know that prefixes and suffixes can be added	between spelling and sound	vocabulary.	to understand the meaning  So that I can apply my growing	intention intoaccount.
I know that the letters of the	So that I can read most Year 1	to root words to alter the meaning	in words.	I know that by testing out	knowledge of root words,	I know that morphology and
alphabet have names	commonexception words.	So that I can fluently read words containing	So that I can read further	different ways of pronouncing a	prefixes and suffixes both to	etymology help me to read newly
So that I can learn to name the		common prefixes and suffixes.	exception words.	new or longer word	read aloud and to understand	encountered words
letters of the alphabet in order	I know that words contain syllables.  So that I can read accurately some words of			I can attempt to match what I	the meaning of unfamiliar	So that I can confidently apply my
letters of the alphabet in order	two ormore syllables that contain the taught	<b>I know</b> that some words can be combined and		decode to words I may have	vocabulary.	growing knowledge of root words,
I know how to use phonic	grapheme-phoneme correspondences (GPCs).	shortened using apostrophes for missing letters		already heard but may not have		prefixes and suffixes both to read
knowledge taught in RWI to decode		So that I can read words with contractions e.g. wouldn't, couldn't, shouldn't		seen in print [for example, in	I know that the context of a text	aloud and to understand the
regular words	I know that prefixes and suffixes can be added to root words to alter the meaning	e.g. wouldn't, couldn't, shouldn't		reading 'technical', the	can help me work out the	meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary.
So that I can read simple sentences	So that I can read some words containing	I know that it is important to re-read sentences		pronunciation /tetʃnɪkəl/	meaning of unknown words	I have the transfer to be the
aloud accurately.	the prefixes and suffixes taught using	and books		('tetchnical') might not sound familiar, but /tɛknɪkəl/ ('teknical')	So that I can work out any	I know that context is key to
	segmenting and blending skill where	So that I can read most words quickly and		should].	from how they are used in	interpretation  So that I can confidently and
I know that print carries meaning	necessary (-un, -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er, -est).	accurately, without overt sounding and		silouluj.	context.	independently work out the
and has different purposes		blending.		I know that when I encounter	ontext.	meaning and understand unknown
Cathat I can begin to make some	I know that some words can be combined			an unfamiliar word,	I know that accurate reading of	words from how they are used in
<b>So that I can</b> begin to make sense of words, sentences and texts.	and shortened using apostrophes for missing letters	<b>know</b> that there are different punctuation marks		I can begin to use the wider	individual words is key to the	context.
or words, sentences and texts.	So that I can read words with simple	and that they have different functions (.?! "",)		text/section to help work it	meaning of a sentence or	
I know that, in English, print is	contractions e.g.l'm, l'll, we'll.	So that I can use these to read with increasing		out	paragraph and that I may	
read from left to right and top to		understanding and expressions (. ?! "",)			misread a word because I	
bottom	I know that it is important to re-read				mistake it for a word I am more	
So that I can begin to read texts	sentences and books	I know when what I have read does not make			familiar with	
chronologically	So that I can build fluency and confidence	sense			<b>So that I can</b> correct myself by focusing on all the letters in a	
	in word reading using the RWI programme.	So that I can correct inaccurate reading			word. For example, if I misread	
I know that some letter groups	I know the function of a full stop				read 'invitation' for 'imitation' I	
represent one sound	So that I can show this when reading aloud	I know many words by sight			can look more closely at the first	
Ga Abad I and any the angular facilities	confidently	So that I can read aloud accurately without undue			two three letters closely to	
So that I can say the sound for them	I know that there are different punctuation marks and that they have different functions	hesitation.			correct myself with accuracy.	
I know that there are some words	(. ? ! " ")	I know how to sound out unfamiliar words			I know and understand that	
which cannot be decoded and must	So that I can use these to begin to read with	accurately, automatically and without undue			author's intention should be	
be learned by recognition	expression (. ?! "").	hesitation			taken in to account when	
Co Abot I am and a fee	I know when what I have read does not make	So that I can read aloud books closely matched to			reading independently	
So that I can read a few common	sense	my improving phonic knowledge			So that I can understand the	
exception words matched to RWI	So that I can solf correct and hogin to re-read				authors use of language	

#### Vocabulary & Language Development

<u>EYFS</u>	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	<u>Year 6</u>
I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can
<ul> <li>Learn new vocabulary throughout the day</li> <li>Use new vocabulary in different contexts</li> <li>Engage in extended conversations about new vocabulary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Repeat words and phrases from familiar stories</li> <li>Continue a rhyming string</li> <li>Identify simple, recurring literary language</li> <li>Identify meaning of simple vocabulary in context when talking with an adult</li> <li>Explain understanding of texts that are pitched beyond the level they can read independently</li> <li>Identify familiar story telling language e.g. 'Once upon a time'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Discuss favourite words and phrases</li> <li>Comment on the authors' simple language choices e.g. slimy is a good adjective because</li> <li>Identify language used to comment on the feelings of a character</li> <li>Identify and understand unfamiliar vocabulary using own knowledge and understanding of words</li> <li>Identify and understand unfamiliar vocabulary with the help of an adult</li> <li>Identify a range of standard words/phrases used at various stages of a narrative e.g. introduction, build up, etc.</li> <li>With an adult, discuss and clarify the meaning of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary</li> <li>Use drama to explore and express new story language</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Comment on the authors' use of descriptive language</li> <li>Identify how specific words and phrases link sections, paragraphs and chapters</li> <li>Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination</li> <li>Begin to comment on how the author's choice of language creates mood, builds tension or creates a picture</li> <li>Discuss and explore potential meanings of ambitious words, linked to context and knowledge of prefixes and suffixes</li> <li>Use dictionaries to check the meaning of words read</li> <li>With an adult, ask questions to improve understanding of new vocabulary</li> <li>Begin to identify language features of some different text types</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Independently ask questions to improve understanding of any new vocabulary encountered</li> <li>Identify examples of descriptive language to explain the mood or atmosphere created</li> <li>Notice key words and phrasesused to convey passing of time, to introduce paragraphs or chapters</li> <li>Identify how authors use precise vocabulary to create the intended purpose/effect</li> <li>Comment on how the author's choice of language creates mood, builds tension and creates imagery or atmosphere and how this effects the reader</li> <li>Clarify meanings of ambitious words and /or phrases in context</li> <li>Understand that figurative language creates imagery</li> <li>Identify language features of some mixed genre texts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use a range of strategies to identify the meaning of new vocabulary, including identifying possible synonyms to replace an unfamiliar word in a sentence</li> <li>Identify examples of effective language choices and give reasons for why these are effective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Analyse and explain the impact of authors' techniques and use of language e.g. expressive or figurative language, range of sentence structure, repetition etc.</li> <li>Identify how the author's choice of language has an impact on thereader.</li> <li>Explain in detail how the author has used different language features at different points in the text and how this relates to the genre</li> </ul>

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Can	<u>EYFS</u>	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	<u>Year 5</u>	Year 6
• Begin to read between the lines to interpret meaning and/or discuss what characters are thinking/feeling and the thinki	Discuss feelings in a story     Engage in extended conversations about storie     Answer who, what, when and where questions about stories     Answer why and how	Answer questions, making simple inferences about characters and events in the story     Begin to answer questionsand make inferences on the basis of what is being	Ask and answer questions and make some inferences on the basis of what is	Discuss reasons for actions and events based on evidence in the text     Empathise with different characters' points of view in order to discuss what characters are thinking/feeling     Begin to read between the lines to interpret meaning and/or discuss what characters are	Use inference and deductionskills to discuss messages, moods, feelings and attitudes using clues from the text Identify the point of view from which a story is told and how this affects the reader's response Infer and deduce meaning based on evidence drawn from	Begin to infer and evaluate how messages, mood, feelings and attitudes are conveyed in poetry, prose and non-fiction making reference to	I can  Infer, deduce and evaluate how messages, mood, feelings and attitudes are conveyed in poetry, prose and nonfiction making reference to the text  Confidently identify and explain different characters' points of view and how this impacts on the
way they act text				<ul> <li>Use clues from action, description and dialogue to establish meaning</li> </ul>			

### Prediction

<u>EYFS</u>	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	Year 6
I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can
<ul> <li>Join in with a repeated chorus or catchphrase and anticipate key phrases in rhymes and stories</li> <li>Talk about stories, suggesting what might happen next</li> <li>Articulate my ideas and thoughts, accurately anticipating key events</li> <li>Suggest how the story might end</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise and join in with predictable phrases</li> <li>Use the front cover and book title, illustrations and blurb to make predictions about the content of the text</li> <li>Make simple predictions about characters and events in the story</li> <li>Make plausible predictions based on what has been read so far and own experiences</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Make plausible predictions based on knowledge from the text, other books and own experiences</li> <li>Ask questions about the text based on what has been read</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore alternatives that could have occurred in texts referring to the text to justify ideas</li> <li>Refer to details in the text to support predictions</li> <li>Ask questions based on details stated and implied within the text</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ask questions to provoke predictions about the text basedon what has already been read</li> <li>Refer to the text to supportand justify predictions and opinions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Confidently ask questions to improve understanding and make plausible predictions</li> <li>Refer to the text to supportand justify predictions and opinions</li> </ul>

# Dialogue & Explaining

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	<u>Year 5</u>	Year 6
I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can
<ul> <li>Articulate my ideas and thoughts about the text, with the help of an adult</li> <li>Describe events in some detail</li> <li>Demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what I have read</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Relate stories/texts to own experiences, including story settings and events</li> <li>Explain understanding of what is read by an adult</li> <li>Begin to explain what is the same and what is different in variety of familiar texts</li> <li>Participate in discussion about what is read to me, taking turns and listening to what others say</li> </ul>	Provide simple explanations about events or information in the text  Make comparisons between texts  Relate stories/texts to own experiences, drawing on what they already know and vocabulary provided by the teacher  Explain understanding of books, poems and other material that is read independently  Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of texts including fiction, nonfiction and poetry at a level beyond what they can read independently (inc. high quality texts by well-known authors)	<ul> <li>Explain how and why main characters act in certain ways in a story using evidence from the text</li> <li>When prompted, justify and elaborate on opinions and predictions referring back to the text for evidence</li> <li>Recognise how a character is presented in different ways and respond to this using evidence from the text</li> <li>Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of texts including fiction (inc. fairy tales and myths and legends), non-fiction and poetry (inc. high quality texts by well-known authors)</li> <li>Discuss and give opinions on reading preferences e.g. favourite author, book type</li> <li>Identify the differences between a wide range of non-fiction text types (e.g. explanations, instructions)</li> </ul>	different people and/or different setting.  When prompted justify and elaborate on opinions and predictions referring back to the text for evidence  Use clues from action, description and dialogue to establish meaning  Talk about how a character could be seen in different ways depending on how the author choses to portray	to like or dislike and what techniques they have used to achieve this  Comment on the success of texts in provoking particular responses e.g. anger and sadness  Begin to recognise the use of irony and comment on the writer's intention e.g. sarcasm, insincerity, mockery  Begin to make comparisons within and across texts  Confidently identify and explain different characters'points of view and how this impacts on the reader  Begin to identify the purpose, audience and organisation of different fiction/non-fiction texts and evaluate the success of each of these elements  Evaluate the success of a text providing evidence that	necessary, to explain and

### Retrieving

<u>EYFS</u>	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can
Answer simple questions using pictures and words in the text, with the help of an adult Engage in extended conversations to work out how a character is feeling in a story Answer who, what, when and where questions about stories Answer why and how questions about stories	Begin to locate specific information on a given page in response to a direct question  Answer simple questions/find information in response to a direct, literal question	Begin to learn to scan the text from left to right to find specific information  Locate specific information on a given page in response to a direct question  Locate specific information on a given page in response to a direct question	Scan the text from left to right to find specific information Begin to learn to skim the text to gain an overview of the content Locate information by skimming and scanning Retrieve and record information from fiction and non-fiction texts Begin to use techniques, such as text marking, to locate information quickly	Locate information byconfidently skimming and scanning     Use knowledge of text structure to locate information     Confidently retrieve and record information from fiction and non-fiction texts     Begin to identify fact andopinion in text     Quote directly from the text to answer questions     Locate information quickly and effectively from a range of sources by techniques such as, text marking, contents, indexes and other organisational devices	<ul> <li>Skim and scan non-fictiontexts at speed</li> <li>Confidently retrieve and record and begin to present information from fiction and non-fiction texts</li> <li>Retrieve and collate key ideas and information from a range of sources</li> <li>Begin to distinguish between statements of fact and opinion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Skim and scan non-fiction texts at speed to locate information accurately</li> <li>Confidently retrieve and record and present information from fiction and non-fiction texts</li> <li>Retrieve and collate key ideas and information at key points in a text and across a range of texts</li> <li>Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion, justifying these choices</li> </ul>

### Sequencing and Summarising

<u>EYFS</u>	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can	I can
Retell the story Talk about the sequence of events in a story Begin to talk about the order of a text  Retell the story  Retell the sequence of events in a	Become very familiar with	<ul> <li>Retell a wide range of stories, including fairy stories and traditional tales</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Summarise and explain themain points in a text, referring back to the text to support answers</li> <li>Identify and explore some straightforward underlining themes and conventions in a wide range of books</li> <li>Read books that are structured in different ways and read for a range of purposes</li> <li>Understand the purposes of paragraphs/chapters in texts</li> <li>Identify how presentation features contribute to meaning e.g. bold, capitalisation and italics.</li> <li>Begin to identify between different fiction genres</li> <li>Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry,</li> </ul>	Identify main ideas from more than paragraph and summarise these  Compare the structure of different stories to discover how they differ in pace, build-up, problem, resolution and ending  Identify the ways in which paragraphs are linked e.g. use of sequencing adverbs, pronouns for character continuity  Perform poetry with confidence, expressing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action	<ul> <li>Read and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks</li> <li>Begin to summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph</li> <li>Begin to explain the structural devices an author hasused to organise a text</li> <li>Increase my familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions</li> <li>Discuss the message a text has about our society, a particular culture or traditions from the past</li> <li>Prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue to read and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbook.</li> <li>Identify the genre of the text through language, theme, conventions and style</li> <li>Summarise information across a range of texts</li> <li>Reflect on the wider consequences or significance of information, ideas or events in the text as a whole e.g. how one small incident alters the whole course of the story.</li> <li>Identify the purpose, audience and organisational structure of different fiction/non-fiction texts and evaluate the success of each of these elements</li> <li>Explain the structural devices an author has used to organise a text</li> <li>Give a detailed insight into how the structural choices support the writer's theme or purpose</li> <li>Increase my familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions</li> <li>Prepare poems and plays confidently, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clearly communicated to an audience</li> </ul>